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21 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
22 NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

23 Jenny Houtchens and Samantha
24 Ramirez, individually, and on behalf
25 of those similarly situated,

26 Plaintiffs,

27 v.

28 Google LLC,

Defendant.

CASE NO.
CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT
Demand for Jury Trial

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1 Plaintiffs Jenny Houtchens and Samantha Ramirez (“Plaintiffs”) bring this
2 action on behalf of themselves, and all others similarly situated against Defendant
3 Google LLC (“Google” or “Defendant”) for the manufacture, distribution, and sale of
4 the Fitbit smartwatch (the “Product” or “Products”).¹ Plaintiffs make the following
5 allegations pursuant to the investigation of their counsel and based upon information
6 and belief, except as to the allegations specifically pertaining to themselves, which is
7 based on personal knowledge:
8

9
10 **NATURE OF ACTION**

11 "Don't be evil."

12 . . .

13 “And remember... don't be evil, and if you see something
14 that you think isn't right – speak up!”

15 *Google*²

16 1. This is a class action complaint against Defendant for the manufacture,
17 distribution, marketing, and sale of the Products, all of which suffer from an identical
18 defect in design. Specifically, the Products are prone to burning users during use and
19 create the potential for a burn or fire hazard. Smartwatches that pose such a hazard
20 are unreasonably dangerous compared to the utility of the Product. Moreover, such a
21 defect can render the Products unusable during periods of overheating. As such, this
22 defect rendered the Products unsuitable for its principal and intended purpose.
23

24
25 ¹ At the time of this filing, the following Fitbit products are included in this
26 definition: Versa, Versa 2, Versa 3, Charge 4, Versa Light, Ionic, Sense, Alta HR,
27 Inspire, Inspire HR, Inspire 2, and Blaze. This definition is not exhaustive, and shall
28 include all of Defendant's products that are similarly defective.

² Archived version of previous version of Google Code of Conduct,
<https://web.archive.org/web/20180421105327/https://abc.xyz/investor/other/google-code-of-conduct.html> and Google Code of Conduct,
<https://abc.xyz/investor/other/google-code-of-conduct/>.

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1 Further, had Plaintiffs been aware of this serious defect, they would not have
2 purchased the Product, or would have paid significantly less for it.

3 2. On March 2, 2022, Defendant in conjunction with the United States
4 Consumer Product Safety Commission (“CPSC”) announced a voluntary recall of
5 approximately 1,700,000 units of Defendant’s Fitbit Ionic smartwatch due to the
6 prevalent nature of the defect (the “Ionic Recall”).³
7

8 3. While one of the Products - the Fitbit Ionic smartwatch – was recalled,
9 the same defect exists throughout all of the Products.

10 4. In fact, the defect has been present in all of the Products for years.

11 5. Defendant fails to acknowledge this, and instead places the blame on
12 one “bad apple” to avoid liability and diminished sales for the “whole bunch.”
13

14 6. Unfortunately, the defect permeated – unknowingly to consumers –
15 throughout all of the Products which led (and currently leads) to unneeded physical
16 injury and economic harm.

17 7. When consumers contact Fitbit about the safety risk, the company
18 attempts to “wash away” the harm it caused by shifting the blame to consumer
19 hygiene rather than focusing on the true culprit: the company’s defective Products.
20

21 8. Because Defendant continues to reap its spoils, and gives the false
22 impression that the Products are safe, Defendant exposes this risk to millions of
23 Americans every day while also knowingly selling consumers defective Products that
24 are worth less than represented.
25

26
27 ³ Allen St. John, *Fitbit Recalls 1.7 Million Ionic Smartwatches Due to Burn Hazard*,
28 CONSUMER REPORTS (Mar. 2, 2022),
<https://www.consumerreports.org/smartwatch/Fitbit-recalls-ionic-smartwatches-due-to-burn-hazard-a1122765473/>.

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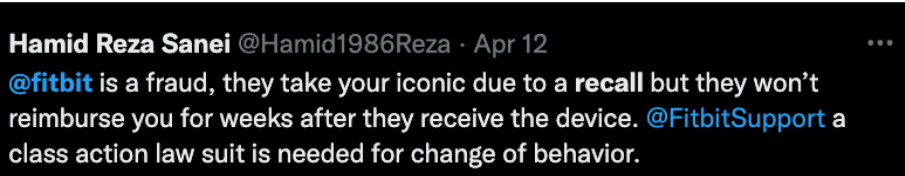
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9. In fact, once the truth is exposed the devices are worthless to most consumers. In many instances, they are thrown away or stored in a closet.

10. Reasonable consumers, like Plaintiffs, purchase the Products to burn calories – not their skin – and to safely pursue a healthy lifestyle with the aid of a smartwatch.

11. Additionally, Defendant’s failure to admit that the defect impacts all of the Products – rather than just the Ionic – exposes millions of airline passengers every day to undue risk because the FAA prohibits passengers from traveling with damaged or recalled batteries.⁴

12. Moreover, Google’s “recall” of the Fitbit Ionic fails to fully compensate the owners of the Ionic. It is a mere facade to show that Defendant is “doing the right thing,” but in fact, the recall merely protects Defendant’s profits by suppressing refunds by using methods and techniques that make it difficult for consumers to receive compensation for their defective watches. As one consumer summarized:



13. Plaintiffs bring their claims against Defendant individually and on behalf of a class of all other similarly situated purchasers of the Product for (i) violations of the consumer protection statutes for states included in a Multi-State Consumer Class; (ii) violations of California’s Unfair Competition Law; (iii) violation of California’s False Advertising Law; (iv) violation of California’s Consumer Legal

⁴ FEDERAL AVIATION ADMINISTRATION, *PackSafe for Passengers*, <https://www.faa.gov/hazmat/packsafe/#/damaged>.

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1 Remedies Act; (v) violation of Pennsylvania’s Unfair Trade and Consumer Protection
2 Law; (vi) breach of implied warranty; (vii) violation of the Magnuson-Moss Warranty
3 Act; and (viii) unjust enrichment.

4
5 **PARTIES**

6 14. Plaintiff Jenny Houtchens is, and at all times relevant to this action has
7 been, a resident of Pennsylvania and a domiciliary of Pennsylvania. On or about
8 December of 2020, Ms. Houtchens purchased a Fitbit Versa Light smartwatch from
9 Amazon.com which was shipped to her home in Monroe County, Pennsylvania. Ms.
10 Houtchens purchased the Product because she believed it was fit for use as a
11 smartwatch for her teenage daughter. However, the Product that Ms. Houtchens
12 purchased was not fit for use as a smartwatch due to the Product’s risk of overheating
13 and burning users. Ms. Houtchens’ belief that the smartwatch was fit for its intended
14 purpose formed the basis of the bargain, and Ms. Houtchens would not have
15 purchased the Product or would have paid significantly less for the Product had she
16 known that the Product was unfit to perform its intended purpose.
17

18 15. Plaintiff Samantha Ramirez is, and at all times relevant to this action
19 has been, a resident of California and a domiciliary of California. On or about
20 November of 2021, Plaintiff purchased a Fitbit Versa 2 smartwatch from a Walmart
21 store located in Stockton, California. Ms. Ramirez purchased the Product because she
22 believed it was fit for use as a smartwatch. However, the Product that Ms. Ramirez
23 purchased was not fit for use as a smartwatch due to the Product’s risk of
24 overheating. Ms. Ramirez’s belief that the smartwatch was fit for its intended
25 purpose formed the basis of the bargain, and Ms. Ramirez would not have purchased
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1 the Product or would have paid significantly less for the Product had she known that
2 the Product was unfit to perform its intended purpose.

3 16. The Products that Plaintiffs purchased began to malfunction shortly
4 after purchase because the Product would overheat during use which caused burning
5 of the wrist for Ms. Ramirez and the daughter of Ms. Houtchens.

6
7 17. Plaintiffs suffered economic injury from the Products’ defect because
8 they purchased an item that was worth less than what had been represented to them.

9 18. Defendant Google LLC is a Delaware limited liability company with its
10 principal place of business in Mountain View, California. From its California
11 headquarters, Defendant produces, markets and distributes its Products in retail
12 stores across the United States including stores physically located in the State of
13 California and within this district. The engineering, marketing, sales, and recall
14 decisions described herein were made from its offices located within the State of
15 California.
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JURISDICTION AND VENUE

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2 19. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction over this action pursuant to
3 28 U.S.C. § 1332(d) because there are more than 100 class members and the
4 aggregate amount in controversy exceeds \$5,000,000, exclusive of interest, fees, and
5 costs, and at least one Class member is a citizen of a state different from Defendant.

6
7 20. This Court has general personal jurisdiction over Defendant because
8 Defendant has its principal place of business in this District.

9 21. Venue is proper in this District pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391 because it
10 is a judicial District in which Defendant resides.

11
12 **DIVISIONAL ASSIGNMENT**

13 22. Pursuant to Civil Local Rule 3-2(c-d), a substantial part of the events
14 giving rise to the claims arose in Santa Clara County, and this action should be
15 assigned to the San Jose Division.

16
17 **COMMON FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS**

18 **A. Defendant Manufactures, Markets, Distributes and Sells the
19 Products**

20 23. Defendant manufactures, markets, distributes, and sells Fitbit
21 smartwatches throughout the United States.

22 24. On October 31, 2019, Defendant announced that it was going to acquire
23 Fitbit for \$2.1 Billion.⁵

24 25. In January 2021, Defendant completed the acquisition of Fitbit.⁶

25
26 ⁵ Daisuke Wakabayashi and Adam Satariano, *Google to Buy Fitbit for \$2.1 Billion*,
27 THE NEW YORK TIMES (Nov. 1, 2019),
<https://www.nytimes.com/2019/11/01/technology/google-fitbit.html>.

28 ⁶ Alphabet Inc. Form 10-K for 2021, at 74
https://abc.xyz/investor/static/pdf/20220202_alphabet_10K.pdf?cache=fc81690 (filed
Feb. 1, 2022).

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1 26. When Google acquired Fitbit, it claimed that the deal was “about
2 devices, not data,”⁷ but that has not been the case.

3 27. While Google offers millions of dollars in bounties to solve software
4 vulnerabilities,⁸ it offers no bounty for the critical defect that has plagued the
5 Products for years.

6 28. Despite its “expertise in engineering”⁹ and knowledge of this defect,
7 Defendant continues to manufacture, distribute, and sell faulty smartwatches as part
8 of its “family of helpful devices.”¹⁰

9
10 **B. The Product Defect**

11 29. The Products are made with a design defect that causes the Products to
12 overheat and poses a significant hazard for burns and fires (hereinafter, the “Product
13 Defect” or “Defect”).

14 30. The Product Defect was substantially likely to materialize during the
15 useful life of the Product.

16 31. Moreover, for many users, the Defect occurs within months of initial use.

17 32. The Defect involves the battery and charging system of the Products.

18 33. Millions of units containing this Defect were sold throughout the United
19 States to consumers in all fifty states and Washington, D.C. at a purchase price
20 ranging from approximately \$100 to \$350 per unit.

21 34. The Defect at issue here involves a critical safety-related component of
22 the Products, and it is unsafe to use the Product with the design defect.

23 35. Defendant has knowledge of the defect, which was not known by
24 Plaintiffs or Class Members prior to purchase.

25 _____
26 ⁷ Rick Osterloh, *Google completes Fitbit acquisition*, THE KEYWORD (Jan. 14, 2021),
<https://blog.google/products/devices-services/Fitbit-acquisition/>.

27 ⁸ Liam Tung, *Google increases its bug bounty for Fitbit and Nest security flaw*, ZDNet
(April 6, 2022), <https://www.zdnet.com/article/google-increases-its-bug-bounty-for-Fitbit-and-nest-security-flaws/>.

28 ⁹ Alphabet Inc. Form 10-K 2021, *supra* note 6 at 29.

¹⁰ *Id.* at pg. 2.

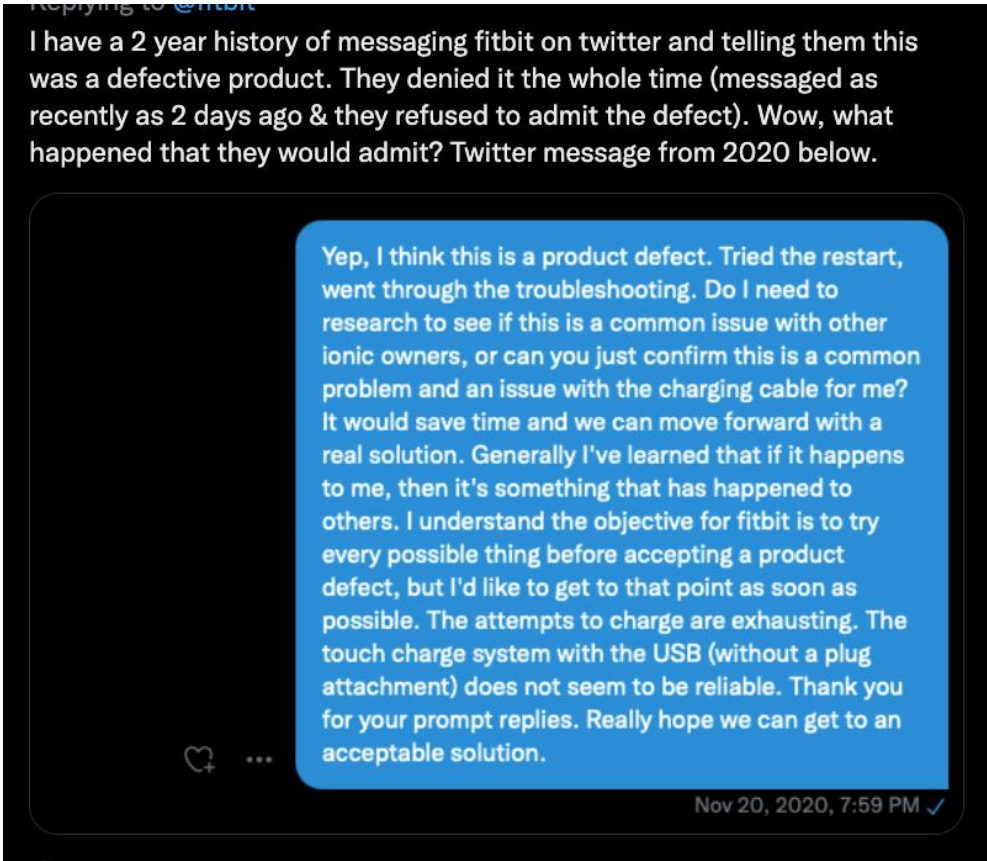
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36. Prior to the March 2022 Recall of the Fitbit Ionic, Defendant has never admitted that the Defect existed.

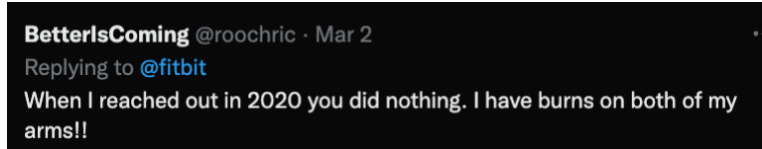
37. Rather, when consumers presented their devices to Defendant that were impacted by the Defect, Defendant would refuse to replace, refuse to admit the Defect existed, claim that the device was no longer covered by the warranty, and often try to sell them a new device.

38. For example:



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39. Moreover, when consumers try to raise these issues and concerns on the official Fitbit forum, Defendant’s agents and employees actively remove posts:

I feel they are betting on us owners doing this years ago. For a couple of people have mentioned reaching out to lawyers about this on their forums and their moderation team is still removing posts like that. There's one reason that I'm no longer a Fitbit customer and that's because of their moderation team deleting posts about these devices catching on fire and any talk about legal action.

40. Defendant made partial representations to Plaintiffs and Class Members, while suppressing the safety defect. Specifically, by displaying the Product and describing its features, the product packaging implied that the Product was suitable for use as a smartwatch, without disclosing that it had a critical safety-related defect that could result in harm to users of each Product.

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1 41. Additionally, Defendant fails to inform consumers that the Defect is
2 present in all of the Products – not just the recently recalled Ionic model.

3 42. Consumers expected the Products to give them enhancements to their
4 health, not injuries that can take multiple weeks to heal:

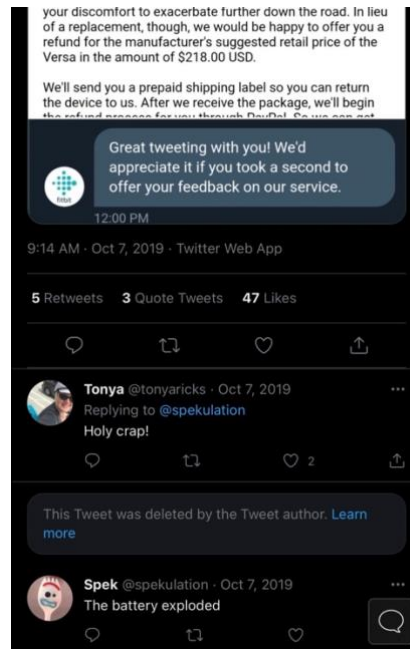


10 **C. The Defect is Present in all of the Products.**

11 43. The Defect is not limited to the Ionic model.

12 44. Rather, it is present in all of the Products.

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14 45. For years, there has been a consistent denial of the Defect’s presence in
15 the Products which has only led to greater danger to the public. For example, one
16 Fitbit Sense user was harmed when the battery overheated and exploded:

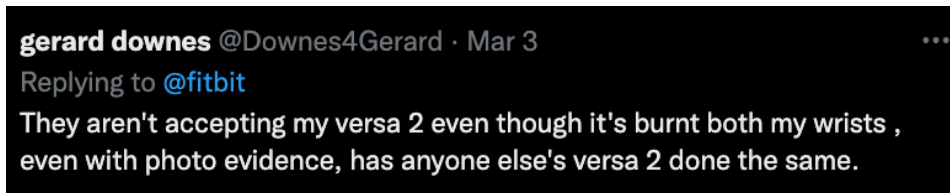


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1 46. At a minimum, the Fitbit Versa 2, Fitbit Versa, Fitbit Charge 4, Fitbit
2 Versa Light, Fitbit Ionic, Fitbit Sense, Fitbit Alta HR, Fitbit Inspire, Fitbit Inspire
3 HR, and Fitbit Blaze all have the same Defect.

4 47. Yet, Defendant only claims the Defect exists in the Fitbit Ionic.

5 48. When consumers describe the Defect in other models, Defendant denies
6 its presence in the non-Ionic devices:
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20 49. Numerous reports and consumer experience prove otherwise:

21 **a. Fitbit Inspire HR:**¹¹

22 Incident Details

23 Incident Description: I received the product as a gift - and what a terrible gift to receive. After three weeks of use, I now have a burn the size of
24 the back of the Fitbit on my wrist, which is now starting to peel and looks like it might leave a scar. The Fitbit remained clean, I did not sweat,
and there are way TOO MANY reports on these products for Fitbit to continue to make excuses for a proven and consistent design flaw. A
simple [REDACTED] search demonstrates that this burn / rash reaction quite clearly has been caused by several of various Fitbit models and
injured way too many people. I am so disappointed with this company. It is absolutely beyond my comprehension how / why Fitbit is allowed
to continue to market a product that has harmed countless end users. Shame on you, Fitbit.

25 Incident Date: 4/20/2020

26 Incident Location: Home/Apartment/Condominium

27
28 ¹¹ U.S. CONSUMER PRODUCT SAFETY COMMISSION, Report # 20200428-BC67C-2147372667 (April 28, 2020), <https://www.saferproducts.gov/PublicSearch/Detail?ReportId=1975780>.

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b. Fitbit Charge 4:¹²

Incident Details

Incident Description: Wearing a Fitbit after charging it on a warm day left a burn mark on my wrist.
 Incident Date: 7/30/2021
 Incident Location: Home/Apartment/Condominium

c. Fitbit Versa Light:¹³

Incident Details

Incident Description: I have a fit bit Versa Lite I have had the product for about 6 months and It has caused burns on my wrist When I called the company they told
 Incident Date: 8/5/2020
 Incident Location: Home/Apartment/Condominium

d. Fitbit Alta HR:¹⁴

Incident Details

Incident Description: I purchased my FitBit Alta HR on January 5, 2018, from Amazon.com . After purchase, I wore it day and night, continuously. I have purchased several apps that interface with the FitBit specifically. However, just now, from May 2020 until today, the device has started burning my wrists. Because of this, I have been taking the device off at night, and switching wrists regularly. However, the burns continue to be a problem, and they take some time to heal. I have not gone to a doctor, because the burns do eventually heal with at-home care. The problem is not with the wrist band, I have cleaned the band, and replaced the band several times in case that was the issue, and it does not seem to be. One of the contacts on the charging dongle, and one on the FitBit-side charging port seem to be corroded, and I believe this may be the trouble. I understand that I am out of warranty. I attempted to contact FitBit support with the email they provided to other reports on this site, but they have disabled their email customer support.

Incident Date: 5/18/2020

Incident Location: Home/Apartment/Condominium

e. Fitbit Versa:



¹² U.S. CONSUMER PRODUCT SAFETY COMMISSION, Report # 20210730-38966-2147361482 (July 30, 2021),

<https://www.saferproducts.gov/PublicSearch/Detail?ReportId=3397669>.

¹³ U.S. CONSUMER PRODUCT SAFETY COMMISSION, Report # 20210115-27871-2147366491 (Jan. 15, 2021),

<https://www.saferproducts.gov/PublicSearch/Detail?ReportId=2979994>.

¹⁴ U.S. CONSUMER PRODUCT SAFETY COMMISSION, Report # 20201229-D5EA8-2147367102 (Dec. 29, 2020),

<https://www.saferproducts.gov/PublicSearch/Detail?ReportId=2951667>.

f. Fitbit Sense:

Fitbit burned me. Physically. Now they're just draining my time. Halp.

I was super excited to use my Fitbit Sense until the burns started. Then it was just pain. I didn't know this was a thing that could happen.

I reached out to support and they responded well, sending me a return label and saying they needed a copy of the receipt. So I sent them it and the device complete in box. You'd think the story would end there, right?

Nope. It has been months. I keep messaging them, and I've called, and since the FedEx package hasn't gotten there I've received no refund. and This is just getting frustrating and figured at least here I could vent.

I attached a photo of the burn (with Pikachu for reasons), just to show people that it can happen. I really hope it happens to none of you.

Are burns common?How do I get my refund?

g. Fitbit Versa 2:

Fitbit Versus 2 burning

I am seeing lots of post about this but can't seem to find out what to do about it.

My mother-law was wearing her fit bit and it really started to hurt her wrist. When she took off the Fitbit she has what looks like a chemical burn on her wrist. It's extremely painful and looks terrible.

She is on going to be heading to the doctor shortly.

Any advice or direction would be greatly appreciated!

Thanks

Edit: I don't think getting a replacement is an acceptable answer. Perhaps that is all that is out there.

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h. Fitbit Versa 3:



i. Fitbit Blaze:

Blaze burned my wrist and Fitbit support has gone silent. Has this happened to anyone?

Last sunday I removed my Fitbit Blaze to charge it and noticed a burn scar where the sensor touches the skin. I've had this Blaze for two years now and never had any skin issues or anything like this. I stopped wearing it and emailed Fitbit support that night with some pictures. They replied two days later saying they would get in touch soon. This was 5 days ago.

I'm not really sure what to do. I haven't put it back on but it sucks cause I miss using it for my workouts and specially for my alarms as I absolutely loathe alarms with sound.

Anyone have this problem before? It's been a week now and the scar is starting to fade but it's still very visible and flaky (doesn't hurt though).

Some pics: <https://imgur.com/a/WVfQlpb>

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j. Fitbit Inspire:

Fitbit Inspire leaving a burn mark.

Hi, just a quick question as I am having no joy with Fitbit's customer service.

But has anyone had issues with their fitbit leaving a burn mark on their wrist and had dealings with customer service about this?

I have the Inspire and I have had it for nearly a year with no issues at all. It is cleaned properly and I always take it off after exercise to stop any sweat causing problems with the device or strap.

My case has apparently been escalated but I am still yet to hear anything. I dont wanna give it up as it has really helped me lose weight and keep active over the last few months, but after a few days it became very irritating so had no choice. I have thought about putting a plaster under the device to stop skin contact but I'm worried there is something wrong with it.

k. Fitbit Inspire 2:

[Incident Details](#)

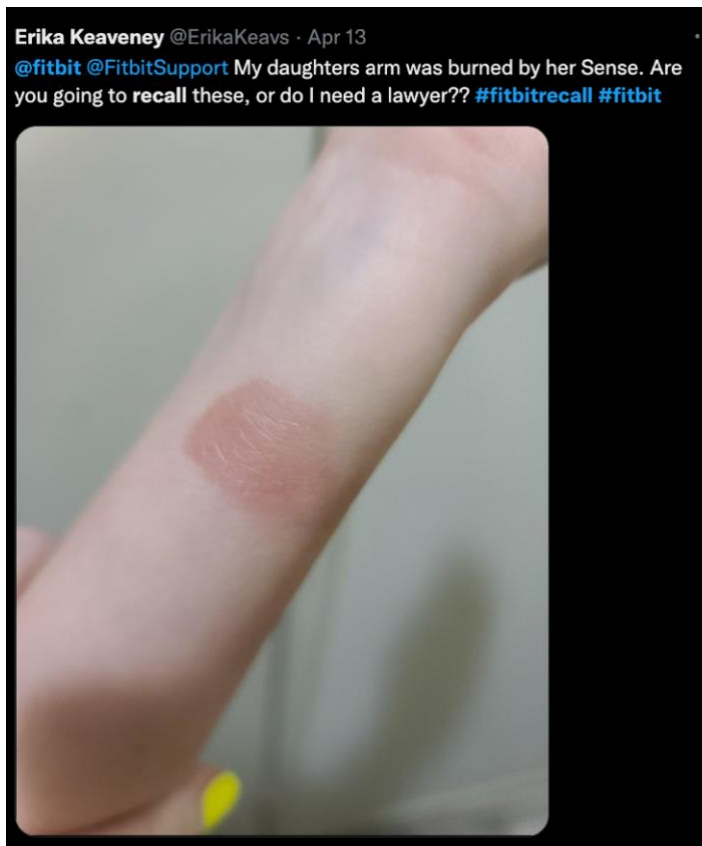
Incident Description: My Fitbit Inspire 2 overheated while I was wearing it indoors in my air conditioned home. I noticed my wrist becoming red and irritated. I was unsure what would be causing it as I've had my watch for nearly a year. Then, I noticed my watch screen appeared as though there was moisture inside it and it was no longer functional (the screen wouldn't turn on). Once I took off the watch I noticed that the watch itself was very hot to touch. No long-term injuries occurred that required medical attention, but my skin has continued to have a burning sensation since the incident at 1:45pm Pacific time. My skin was red for about 30-60 minutes after the incident. It seems the battery overheated or somehow battery fluid was released into the watch internally.

Incident Date: 3/30/2022

Incident Location: Home/Apartment/Condominium

50. Defendant's failure to admit that the Defect is present in all of the Products continues to not also endanger consumers but also leave consumers with Products that are worthless due to the presence of the Defect.

51. For example, children are at risk from these Products, and parents are now stuck with smartwatches that have no value to them nor do they want to sell them to another person that could be harmed. Instead, they are either thrown away or stashed in a closet. The harm is real, and as one mother pleads for Google to admit the Defect's presence, correct its behavior, and compensate for the harm it caused and continues to cause:

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52. Google's denial creates undue risk, danger, and harm throughout all aspects of everyday life. This danger is ever-present. Thus the Defect removes all utility from the Products.

D. The Fitbit Ionic Recall

53. The Fitbit Ionic was launched in August 2017 as the company's flagship product.¹⁵

54. Despite Fitbit's investment and marketing efforts – including the use of celebrity spokespeople like Harrison Barnes – the Ionic failed to hit the company's targets and failed to perform in the marketplace.¹⁶

55. As Fitbit co-founder James Park described:¹⁷

¹⁵ FITBIT, *Fitbit Launches Ionic, the Ultimate Health and Fitness Smartwatch* (Aug. 28, 2017), <https://investor.Fitbit.com/press-releases/press-release-details/2017/Fitbit-Launches-Ionic-the-Ultimate-Health-and-Fitness-Smartwatch/default.aspx>.

¹⁶ *Id.*

¹⁷ Jason Cipriani, *Q&A: Fitbit CEO James Park talks about the company's past, present, and future*, ZDNet (April 16, 2018), <https://www.zdnet.com/article/q-a-Fitbit-ceo-james-park-talks-about-the-companys-past-present-and-future/>.

1 ZDNet: Why do you think Ionic didn't do as well as you had hoped?

2 Park: I think it really wasn't appealing to the mass audience. It's a
3 performance-oriented watch with a lot of features from GPS to the
4 introduction of new sensors, along with the form factor which is
5 more performance orientated.

6 56. In other words, it was “a disappointment.”¹⁸

7 57. Before the first anniversary of its launch, it was already being outsold by
8 Fitbit’s other smartwatches.¹⁹

9 58. In 2020, production of the Fitbit Ionic stopped.²⁰

10 59. The once “strongest and lightest GPS watch”²¹ that represented Fitbit’s
11 “most advanced design”²² had diminished so far in value to the company, that it failed
12 to be merit a mention in Fitbit’s Third Quarter Earnings Press Release published in
13 November 2020.²³

14 60. When Google’s acquisition of Fitbit was finalized in January 2021, the
15 announcement by Google’s Senior VP of Devices & Services mentions numerous Fitbit
16 models but fails to name the Ionic.²⁴

17 61. In December 2021, Defendant stopped selling the Fitbit Ionic.²⁵

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20 ¹⁸ Todd Haselton, *The latest Fitbit can't match up to the Apple Watch*, CNBC (Oct. 1,
21 2017), <https://www.cnbc.com/2017/09/29/fitbit-ionic-review-not-as-good-as-an-apple-watch.html>.

22 ¹⁹ Aaron Pressman, *Fitbit Finally Has Another Hit on Its Customers' Wrists*,
23 FORTUNE (June 4, 2018), <https://fortune.com/2018/06/04/Fitbit-versa-one-million/>.

24 ²⁰ U.S. Consumer Product Safety Commission, *Fitbit Recalls Ionic Smartwatches Due to Burn Hazard; One Million Sold in the U.S.* (March 2, 2022),
25 <https://www.cpsc.gov/Recalls/2022/Fitbit-Recalls-Ionic-Smartwatches-Due-to-Burn-Hazard-One-Million-Sold-in-the-U-S>.

26 ²¹ Fitbit, *supra* note 15.

27 ²² *Id.*

28 ²³ Fitbit, *Fitbit Reports Third Quarter Results for the Three Months Ended October 3, 2020* (Nov. 4, 2020), <https://investor.Fitbit.com/press-releases/press-release-details/2020/Fitbit-Reports-Third-Quarter-Results-for-the-Three-Months-Ended-October-3-2020/default.aspx>.

²⁴ Osterloh, *supra* note 7.

²⁵ U.S. Consumer Product Safety Commission, *supra* note 20.

1 62. In March 2022, Defendant announced a recall of the long discontinued
2 Fitbit Ionic.²⁶

3 63. The Fitbit Ionic recall covered over 1,000,000 defective units in the
4 United States.²⁷

5 64. Planned since 2019,²⁸ the long-developed Fitbit Ionic 2 is anticipated to
6 launch in 2022.²⁹

7 **E. Defendant’s Recall Is Inadequate**

8 65. While the Defect exists – and has existed for many years – throughout
9 all of the Products, the Defendant’s feigned recall attempt focuses solely on the Fitbit
10 Ionic – a device that hasn’t been produced since 2020 and hasn’t been sold since 2021.

11 66. In other words, rather than fixing the defect, telling the truth to
12 consumers, and protecting consumers that trusted in the company, Google merely
13 places the blame on a long deactivated device.

14 67. Further, this feigned recall “conveniently” aligns with the expected
15 launch of the Fitbit Ionic 2 – the Ionic’s replacement that has been in development
16 since at least 2019.

17 68. In this “recall,” the Defendant finally admitted that the Ionic contains
18 the Defect – something that has long been denied by Defendant.

19 69. However, Defendant fails to admit that the Defect exists throughout all
20 of the Products.

21 70. In fact, it denies it: “These incidents are very rare and this voluntary
22 recall does not impact other Fitbit smartwatches or trackers.”³⁰

23 _____
24 ²⁶ *Id.*

25 ²⁷ *Id.*

26 ²⁸ Hugh Langley, *Fitbit Ionic 2 is happening*, WAREABLE (Mar. 6, 2019),
<https://www.wareable.com/Fitbit/Fitbit-ionic-2-release-date-price-specs-7047>.

27 ²⁹ James Rogerson, *Fitbit Ionic 2: here's everything we know so far*, TECHRADAR
(Jan. 24, 2022), <https://www.techradar.com/news/Fitbit-ionic-2>.

28 ³⁰ Sam Whiting, *This Fitbit watch is getting recalled because its battery can overheat and cause serious burns*, SAN FRANCISCO CHRONICLE (Mar. 2, 2022),
<https://www.sfchronicle.com/bayarea/article/This-Fitbit-watch-is-getting-recalled-because-its-16969666.php>.

1 71. These denials expose millions of American passengers to potentially
2 dangerous outcomes that fly each day.

3 72. The FAA prohibits passengers from traveling with damaged or recalled
4 batteries.³¹



9 73. While passengers might be informed that their Ionic is defective, they
10 are oblivious that the other Products suffer the Defect.

11 74. As a result, a passenger acting under this belief might wear one of the
12 non-recalled Products, walk through the TSA checkpoint and board the aircraft
13 simply because the Versa 2 on their wrist was not recalled.

14 75. The recall of the Fitbit Ionic fails for additional reasons.

15 76. The recall was due to a serious injury and safety hazard associated with
16 the Products. Specifically, it was admitted that the Ionic model had a Defect in design
17 and materials that caused the smartwatch to overheat. This resulted in numerous
18 reports of burns and injuries associated with the Defect.
19

20 77. The Fitbit Ionic recall has been inadequate for consumers.

21 78. The recall allowed Defendant to say it was doing right by its customers,
22 but in fact the recall protected Defendant's profits by suppressing refunds by using
23 methods and techniques, including but not limited to:
24

- 25
- 26 a. Failing to address previous owners that suffered from the Defect
27 yet no longer physically possessed the smartwatch;
28

³¹ FEDERAL AVIATION ADMINISTRATION, *supra* note 4.

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- b.** Failing to inform the consumers that the Products they may select as a replacement to the Fitbit Ionic suffer from the same Defect;
- c.** Representing a “full refund,” but hiding the true terms behind barriers;
- d.** Forcing consumers to use multiple third party platforms - that each have additional, onerous terms and confusing procedures within – as the mechanism to obtain compensation under the recall;
- e.** Failing to have an adequate infrastructure to conduct the recall;
- f.** Failing to provide adequate communication options for consumers;
- g.** Failing to timely deliver the refunded compensation;
- h.** Failing to respond to legitimate consumer complaints regarding the deficiencies present in the recall;
- i.** Actively removing consumer complaints about the recall process on its official platforms including but not limited to the forum on its official website;
- j.** Failing to notify consumers with an adequate recall notice which properly informs consumers of the defect;
- k.** Providing a recall remedy that was grossly insufficient because it fails to compensate consumers for the purchase of a dangerous and defective product;
- l.** Failing to fully compensate consumers for accessories, applications, and other Fitbit related products and services that can no longer be used;
- m.** Failing to fully compensate consumers because the recall remedy did not provide for statutory damages and other relief owed to consumers.

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79. The recall's inadequacy is impacting consumers throughout the country:

Michelle Jennings @SoBeautiChelle · Mar 4
 Replying to @fitbit
 Yeah, after people have purchased them, they've died and been thrown in the trash, now you want to recall them?! Then refusing to refund customers affected by this cheap ass design because they didn't keep your terrible product after it died. 😞

Michelle Jennings @SoBeautiChelle · Mar 4
 Replying to @fitbit
 This needs to be a class-action lawsuit! @fitbit needs to be held responsible for all the money they took for these faulty watches, causing some physical harm. A recall on faulty products that are more than likely in the garbage is not restitution! That's a cover my ass plan!

 **Christine Sedam (she/her)**
 @RunOnEmptyBlog
 The @fitbit recall is offering reimbursement for Ionics. Unless you upgraded to a different Fitbit because your Ionic was a POS and you don't have/can't find it. Why would I still have a fitbit that I bought in '18 when it broke after a year?

Christine Sedam (she/her) @RunOnEmptyBlog · Mar 18
 Replying to @RunOnEmptyBlog
 I've been a @fitbit user for 9 years. I replaced my broken year old Ionic with another Ionic. The second one started acting wonky, too. I upgraded, staying loyal to the brand despite products breaking.

The Casuals Warehouse @thecasualshouse · Apr 20
 @FitbitSupport I have been on hold to the iconic recall line for over 30 minutes now,
 It's been 7 weeks since my refund was processed and I've yet to receive my money to order a new Fitbit.
 What do I do ?

FIBR Carpet @FIBRCarpet · Apr 21
 @FitbitSupport How do I get the actual refund for the Fitbit Ionic recall. A virtual card making you shop at an online mall that is limited. Is not a refund. How do I get the actual refund?!

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telmc @telmckeown · Apr 20 ...
 @FitbitSupport 2nd day trying to contact the **fitbit ionic recall** line as you advised, all advisors are still busy, apparently. Please help.

Jonathan SC unction Esq. @jonathansc · Mar 4 ...
 Replying to @fitbit and @ihalliwell
 You claim it is an issue in the **#Fitbit recall** dept - but support are unable to contact that department to find out when it will be resolved

Obsidian, MBA. @rednificent · Apr 9 ...
 Has anyone received their refund from @fitbit for the **#recall** of the **Fitbit #Ionic** yet? @FitbitSupport it's been over 6 weeks... What's up?

Mark Fletcher-Robson @markfr2018 · Apr 19 ...
 Replying to @FitbitSupport
 Thanks **Fitbit** support, unfortunately I have already contacted the **Ionic recall** line. Turns out they are **Fitbit** at all, just a centre taking calls and can't offer any help. Any suggestions that might actually help me ??????

sayonara @Ezechiele57 · Mar 17 ...
 Replying to @theeldis @verge and 7 others
 it is all true what you write I am in your same condition since March 2nd and I add that if you allow yourself to complain on their forum you are BANNED as they did with me

Damien Smith @DamienS15267339 · Apr 6 ...
 Don't overly use Twitter, however I feel compelled to complain how frustrating it has been trying to gain the refund from the **Fitbit ionic recall**. The process has been made next to impossible. Extremely disappointed @fitbit

Jordan Tennis @JordanTennis1 · 10h ...
 @FitbitSupport I sent back my **Fitbit ionic** almost a month ago for the **recall**. When can I expect my refund? The tracking said it was delivered.

Naveen V @naveen_742 · Apr 25 ...
 @FitbitSupport Dear **Fitbit** - Thanks for your proactive **recall** in **Fitbit Ionic**. I have two **Fitbit Ionic** watches and I registered for the refund on 9th Mar and I have not received any update since then. Pls suggest next steps. Thanks!

YOGESH VARMA @varmayogesh · Apr 26 ...
 @fitbit
 Am really disappointed with the time it is taking **Fitbit** to refund my **ionic recall** . Has been more than a month since registered. Very bad customer experience 😞

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dimdtlslivai @BlurredFace27 · Apr 21 ...
Taking matters into my own hands today.
Called the **recall** line and the same shit attitudes.
I'm now talking to a supervisor through **fitbit**. Attempting to get results
[#FitbitIonicRefundPending](#)

PManepally #SaveSoil @promanepalli · Apr 21 ...
[@FitbitSupport](#) been following up with support team for months now!
Regarding a **fitbit** iconic **recall** issue. The way this issue is handled is
frustrating.

Damien Smith @DamienS15267339 · Apr 6 ...
Don't overly use Twitter, however I feel compelled to complain how
frustrating it has been trying to gain the refund from the **Fitbit** ionic **recall**.
The process has been made next to impossible. Extremely disappointed
[@fitbit](#)

Joy legaljd @JoyLiveLife · Apr 17 ...
[#FitbitIonicRefundPending](#) [@fitbit](#) [@FitbitSupport](#) NO CUSTOMER
SERVICE! Many people are having the same issue of not getting any
response from [@fitbit](#). Shame on you! Not concerned with the health of
your customers. Why the 3-6week wait AFTER you receive ionic? [@Garmin](#)
[@SamsungUS](#)

CanadianDave ↑ 8 ... 1mo
Going through the refund process is incredibly slow.
They're site seems to lagging, maybe from the quantity
of people trying to register? Any others having this
issue?

RangerGoradh ↑ 2 ... 1mo
Yeah, seems like it's crashing right now. I'm using
Chrome and I just keep getting a spinning wheel when
I submit.

CanadianDave ↑ 6 ... 1mo
Glad its not just me. I will probably just end up trying
later or tomorrow rather than blunt-forcing through
the wait times. Let me know how it goes for you :)

Lyndsay Kotalik @no_poncho · Apr 16 ...
Replying to [@lizzyandlee_liz](#) and [@FitbitSupport](#)
Hey [@fitbit](#) is the **recall** line you or the 'Sedgwick' company?The US rep
today said "6 weeks of business days" and my 3/4 request will be refunded
by 5/2. 6wks is not ever supposed to really be 8.4 🙄

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This is honestly a slap in the face for all of us users who have had issues like this with our ionics and ended up tossing them in the trash after Fitbit flat-out refused to replace them. These devices are barely lasting a year for a lot of people and their website forum moderation team has outright deleted posts about the overheating and banned a number of users for saying their devices caused them bodily harm and Fitbit denies any responsibility.

I'm glad I still have one of my devices but I tossed the other one that died at 8 months in the trash only a couple of weeks ago when I came back to the office to work after two years. They denied the warranty on that second device even though it barely lasted a year before it overheated and stopped working.

captaincaitlin5 ↑ 1 ... 1mo

Absolutely! I felt like I was going crazy after getting burned MULTIPLE TIMES and going to the forums to find answers, only for the support team to just answer other concerned users with "oh it's just a rash because you haven't kept it clean," which is kinda insulting.

zerodameaon ↑ 1 Surge ... 1mo

Their current thread about the recall hasn't had a single answer posted by their team, it's dozens of copy and pastes of the original help post.

Someone will reply to one of those asking for more information and not just a copy paste and another mod answers with that exact copy paste.

Edison may have caused me to never be a customer again but their other mods are certainly helping him chase away others.

Jared Allsop ▶ Fitbit
March 16 · 🌐

Jared Allsop
FitBit - I have spent over 12 hours on hold and have talked with over 8 people on your customer service lines. I have sent back my Fitbit ionic and still have not received my discount code to buy a new one. I am so upset at your customer service people and am so tired of just trying to get my dumb discount code to buy a new watch that wont burn my wrist. Is this how this is supposed to go? Why won't you actually help your customers? Why do I have to be bounced around and spend 12+ hours of my life trying to fix your problem? I have been a loyal Fitbit user for 7 years, but I am strongly considering moving on to apple. I don't want to, because I have loved your products, but holy cow, this has been a nightmare. What can you do to help me get my discount code and keep me as a customer? -Jared Allsop

👤 2 2 Comments

Petz @Dpetzz · Apr 14 ...

Replying to **@parkjames**

How about reimbursing people for the authentic **Fitbit** ionic accessories they purchased since you had to **recall** that dangerous and defective watch. These accessories don't work with any other **Fitbit** product so you basically have taken our money and screwed us over

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Bruce Vick @BruceVick5 · Apr 14 ...
@fitbit Thanks for screwing over the people that waited for their refund for the Ionic recall by limiting them to 1 ban, where as the people at the start of the recall could get 5 bands. Bad customer service all around in my opinion

kenji griffen @kenjicmt · Apr 17 ...
@FitbitSupport WORST CUST 'SERV' EVER... on Ionic #recall. 6+ weeks, no refund, no disc code-yet they were very fast to disable my fitbit. Deplorable

Ian Christie @IanChri47809496 · Apr 15 ...
6 weeks has passed and no refund for the Ionic recall. Quick to disable the device and render it useless but not quick to issue refund. Pathetic service. Fitbit you need to sort this out and contact me.

Petz @Dpetzz · Apr 13 ...
Replying to @fitbit
Terrible customer service regarding this recall. Cannot get an answer from customer service and they refuse to provide a number to call the department handling the recall.

Their forum most certainly is though, and that's the team I am talking about. There is one asshat, E [REDACTED] who has driven off a lot of customers because he removed your post for even minor criticism. He's also removed proof of devices over heating and burns plus batteries expanding and popping the screens off.

Eldis Skenderagic @theeldis · 8h ...
A friendly reminder that it's been 58 days since @fitbit @FitbitSupport announced Ionic recall/refund, and 58 days since thousands of people around the world got their watches disabled, only to be left in dark with no word from Fitbit or any sign of refund anywhere on horizon. 🙄

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1 80. The problems described above still persist today. For example, all of
2 these complaints are within the last 72 hours:

3
4 Entering week 8 now and being 6 months pregnant I'm finding this very stressful. Does anyone have any advice on
5 how I can escalate this further please?

6 Fitbit where is my refund????? 8 weeks tomorrow. Your call centre hang up on me and are rude. You occasionally
7 get a nice person who escalates your case, but no reply from fitbit. You can't help on any other means. I was a loyal
8 customer for 6.5 years. I am so disappointed. Why are refunds being issued to people after a few weeks and us at
9 8 weeks are being left?

10 I am very disappointed with the total lack of support for the ionic recall. I registered on the 2nd March and despite
11 Phone calls, Live Chats and Emails. I still have no discount code or refund. I have had to send invoices to prove I
12 have a device!!!!

13 All I am told is that it is being passed to the technical team.
14 Has anyone else got these issues or been able to resolve them

15 11 hours ago

16 Fitbit are you going to make any comments about not refunding people at 8 weeks

17 Possibly the worst recall experience ever. I registered on the 3 march and only got my discount code now. Still
18 waiting for this refund which is way out of the timeframe specified. It said 6 weeks and it has now been 8. have
19 called multiple times and been advised that it's "coming" but they refuse to give a timeframe. Absolutely
20 disgraceful service and someone actually closed a web chat on me cos they could not be bothered even
21 answering any questions.

22 Hi, anyone having issues with the Ionic refund? Received an email with no links/code to use the funds. Every time I
23 contact customer care, I am told 1) issue will be escalated, or 2) to wait for another email with a link/code, and on
24 the last call 3) I was told to contact payments team, since there was an issue with the refund email. Not too sure
25 which team to contact. It's been almost 2 months since I registered for the refund.



26 **Racingmom5s**

27 Recovery Runner

28 11 0 0

3 hours ago



I know the refund is real. My issue is the refund I was given is a virtual gift card. The virtual gift card doesn't work on Fitbit's site. I wasn't given an option of how to receive the payment, i.e, bank account, PayPal, debit card. I was supposed to be given that option during registration but wasn't. The virtual card does not work on Fitbit's store. The Mastercard company told me it won't work because Fitbit isn't linked to the company. The Mastercard company sent me an email that lists the 109 retailers that will accept their card. None of the retailers sell Fitbit. So that's a problem. Fitbit stated in their email "the best way to purchase a replacement device is to use the refund at the Fitbit.com store". I would love to if it worked. I have it in writing from Fitbit now it's not being honored. Congratulations to those who have received a refund in their accounts or through PayPal. Hopefully Fitbit will realize soon that a huge error has been made on their part and fix the issue so I can replace my device on their store so I can get the 40% discount they promise using the refund. Or at this point they can send me a Sense with the free band. Sent from my Verizon, Samsung Galaxy smartphone

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1 81. Thus, as numerous Class Members have described herein, Defendant’s
2 recall fails to adequately address the Product Defect.

3 **F. Defendant’s Pre-Sale Knowledge of the Defect**

4 82. Before the recall was issued, Defendant received reports of overheating
5 and burning issues with the Products.

6 83. The CPSC operates a website where consumers can post complaints
7 about unsafe products and provide details about any incidents they experienced.

8 84. Online safety reports to the CPSC show that Defendant, knew or should
9 have known of the defect, yet it continued to sell the defective Products anyway.

10 85. Per federal regulations, all safety reports that are submitted online
11 through the CPSC website are sent directly to the product’s manufacturer and
12 retailers. Defendant also monitored safety complaints from the CPSC, and thus
13 Defendant would have independently become aware of each safety report referenced
14 herein separate and apart from noticed received from the CPSC.

15 86. In total, Defendant received numerous reports of the Product
16 overheating and burning users of the Product. This is an unusually high number of
17 complaints for a product, and the unusually high number of complaints here put
18 Defendant on notice of the Product Defect. The similarity of complaints also would
19 have put Defendant on notice that the complaints were not the result of user error or
20 anomalous incidents, but instead were the result of a systemic problem with the
21 Product.

22 87. Defendant not only was passively sent these complaints but also actively
23 responded to consumers with boilerplate, standardized language that concealed the
24 defect, and in many instances blamed the consumer by claiming that it wasn’t a
25 defect in the Product but rather a personal hygiene issue involving the customer.

26 88. Every time the CPSC’s website describes a consumer complaint, the
27 website also discloses the date when CPSC sent that complaint to the manufacturer.
28 This is separate from the portion of the safety complaint where the consumer states

1 whether he or she independently contacted the manufacturer. As alleged above, the
2 above-referenced complaints were sent to Defendant by the CPSC shortly after being
3 submitted to the CPSC.

4 89. For each of the following reasons, Defendant's management knew or
5 should have known about the complaints referenced above as soon as they began
6 appearing on the CPSC website:

- 7 a. Defendant was repeatedly contacted directly by consumers and by
8 the CPSC about the Product Defect.
- 9 b. The CPSC website is a government-run repository for complaints
10 about safety-related defects, and many of Defendant's Products
11 appear on the website. The CPSC website can provide businesses
12 with early warnings of product defects, and monitoring reports is
13 easy because users can search for reports by company names. Hence,
14 it required negligible effort for Defendant's management and other
15 personnel to visit the CPSC website and view a list of reports of
16 safety incidents related to the Products, including reports about the
17 Product Defect at issue here.
- 18 c. Defendant knows about the CPSC's website because it is a high-
19 profile government agency that deals with complaints of numerous
20 products manufactured, distributed, and sold by Defendant, and
21 because Defendant would have been contacted directly each time a
22 consumer complained to the CPSC.
- 23 d. Defendant also knew or should have known about the Defect
24 because of the similarity of complaints. The fact that so many
25 customers made similar complaints indicates that the complaints
26 were not the result of user error or anomalous incidents, but instead
27 a systemic problem with the products at issue here. The reports and
28 complaints from consumers also put Defendant on notice that the

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Products were experiencing unusually high levels of complaints about the Product Defect at issue here, especially when compared to other smartwatches.

90. Defendant received numerous customer complaints before the named Plaintiffs purchased their Products.

91. Defendant responded to numerous customer complaints before the named Plaintiffs purchased their Products.

92. Defendant also would have had notice of the Product Defect as a result of direct customer complaints and product returns.

93. At a minimum, information from customer returns, complaints directly to Defendant, and information obtained from the CPSC, whether alone or in the aggregate, would have put Defendant on notice of the defect. Nonetheless, Defendant failed to recall any of the Products until March 2022, putting innumerable consumers at risk in the meantime.

94. Moreover, Defendant tried to present the Fitbit Ionic – a smartwatch that has not been manufactured since 2020 nor sold since December 2021 – as the scapegoat for all of the Products, and as a result, continues to expose innumerable consumers to the risks associated with the Defect.

G. Defendant’s Present Denial of the Defect

95. Despite having knowledge of the Defect, up until March 2022, Defendant has denied the existence of the Defect.

96. Even then, it merely casts blame on a single long-discontinued model.

97. When consumers contact Defendant in an attempt to obtain a remedy, the Defendant continues the long-used Fitbit “hygiene” excuse that attempts to shift blame onto the consumer:

1 a. In 2014:³²



8 Comments from the Manufacturer/Private Labeler

9 A small percentage of Fitbit Force users have reported skin redness, swelling, itchiness or other skin irritations. Fitbit will offer an immediate refund directly to affected consumers for full retail price, or a replacement of a different Fitbit product and a refund of the price difference. For more information, please visit our FAQ at <https://help.fitbit.com/customer/portal/articles/1425569> or contact force@fitbit.com.

10 b. In 2015:³³

11 Incident Details

12 Incident Description: I received a 2nd degree burn from a Fitbit surge. I have doctor documentation to support my claim. If you need any more information plea contact me [REDACTED] [REDACTED]

13 Incident Date: 9/21/2015

14 Incident Location: Unspecified

15 Comments from the Manufacturer/Private Labeler

16 Fitbit is aware that skin irritation affects a very limited number of consumers who use wearable devices all day and all night from sweat, water, or soap being held against the skin under the device, or from pressure or friction against the skin. We encourage users to follow our wear and care instructions, available at www.fitbit.com/productcare. If any users are experiencing skin irritation we encourage them to remove the device to give their wrist a rest. If symptoms persist longer than 2-3 days after removing the device, users should contact a dermatologist/their doctor. Fitbit takes every complaint very seriously. If you have provided contact information, a Customer Support agent will contact you within 7 days. Otherwise please contact us at support@fitbit.com.

17 c. In 2016:³⁴

18 Incident Details

19 Incident Description: This product caused a chemical burn on my wrists so badly it's now peeling. Some say it is a rash but rashes are not Burns. When someone saw they even asked me how I burned my wrist in the weird pattern that matched the wrist band. I contacted the company but have not heard back yet. There are already lawsuits existing over this issue.

20 Incident Date: 1/19/2016

21 Incident Location: Unspecified

22 Comments from the Manufacturer/Private Labeler

23 Fitbit is aware that skin irritation affects a very limited number of consumers who use wearable devices all day and all night from sweat, water, or soap being held against the skin under the device, or from pressure or friction against the skin. We encourage users to follow our wear and care instructions, available at www.fitbit.com/productcare. If any users are experiencing skin irritation we encourage them to remove the device to give their wrist a rest. If symptoms persist longer than 2-3 days after removing the device, users should contact a dermatologist/their doctor. Fitbit takes every complaint very seriously. If you have provided contact information, a Customer Support agent will contact you within 7 days. Otherwise please contact us at support@fitbit.com.

24 ³² U.S. CONSUMER PRODUCT SAFETY COMMISSION, Report # 20140123-
 25 0C6ED-2147447910 (Jan. 23, 2014),
<https://www.saferproducts.gov/PublicSearch/Detail?ReportId=1383464>.

26 ³³ U.S. CONSUMER PRODUCT SAFETY COMMISSION, Report # 20150925-191ED-
 27 2147428066 (Sep. 25, 2015),
<https://www.saferproducts.gov/PublicSearch/Detail?ReportId=1519728>.

28 ³⁴ U.S. CONSUMER PRODUCT SAFETY COMMISSION, Report # 20160122-39D00-
 2147424426 (Jan. 23, 2016),
<https://www.saferproducts.gov/PublicSearch/Detail?ReportId=1547805>.

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d. In 2017:³⁵

Incident Details

Incident Description: Burn developed on my wrist as a result of wearing the Fitbit Charge HR.
Incident Date: 2/5/2017
Incident Location: Home/Apartment/Condominium

Comments from the Manufacturer/Private Labeler

Fitbit is aware that skin irritation affects a very limited number of consumers who use wearable devices all day and all night from sweat, water, or soap being held against the skin under the device, or from pressure or friction against the skin. We encourage users to follow our wear and care instructions, available at www.fitbit.com/productcare. If any users are experiencing skin irritation we encourage them to remove the device to give their wrist a rest. If symptoms persist longer than 2-3 days after removing the device, users should contact a dermatologist/their doctor. Fitbit takes every complaint very seriously. If you have provided contact information, a Customer Support agent will contact you within 7 days. Otherwise please contact us at support@fitbit.com.

e. In 2018:³⁶

Incident Details

Incident Description: I have had my wrists burned and scarred by two fit bit Charge HR products. I have reported this to the Fitbit Company. They refunded my money. I bought another. It worked as long as the previous device and the. Burned my arm again. The user blog has over 165 entries from consumers who have been burned. Fitbit has not recalled the model. On the Fitbit site, search burn and Charge hr. It's all there. With pictures of injured consumers.
Incident Date: 2/8/2018
Incident Location: Home/Apartment/Condominium

Comments from the Manufacturer/Private Labeler

Fitbit is aware that skin irritation affects a very limited number of consumers who use wearable devices all day and all night from sweat, water, or soap being held against the skin under the device, or from pressure or friction against the skin. We encourage users to follow our wear and care instructions, available at www.fitbit.com/productcare. If any users are experiencing skin irritation we encourage them to remove the device to give their wrist a rest. If symptoms persist longer than 2-3 days after removing the device, users should contact a dermatologist/their doctor. Fitbit takes every complaint very seriously. If you have provided contact information, a Customer Support agent will contact you within 7 days. Otherwise please contact us at support@fitbit.com.

f. In 2019:³⁷

Incident Details

Incident Description: I was wakened in the middle of the night by the Charge 2 burning the back of my wrist.
Incident Date: 4/18/2019
Incident Location: Home/Apartment/Condominium

Comments from the Manufacturer/Private Labeler

Fitbit is aware that skin irritation affects a very limited number of consumers who use wearable devices all day and all night from sweat, water, or soap being held against the skin under the device, or from pressure or friction against the skin. We encourage users to follow our wear and care instructions, available at www.fitbit.com/productcare. If any users are experiencing skin irritation we encourage them to remove the device to give their wrist a rest. If symptoms persist longer than 2-3 days after removing the device, users should contact a dermatologist/their doctor. Fitbit takes every complaint very seriously. If you have provided contact information, a Customer Support agent will contact you within 7 days. Otherwise please contact us at support@fitbit.com.

³⁵ U.S. CONSUMER PRODUCT SAFETY COMMISSION, Report # 20170212-35CC3-2147407171 (Feb. 12, 2017),

<https://www.saferproducts.gov/PublicSearch/Detail?ReportId=1632711>.

³⁶ U.S. CONSUMER PRODUCT SAFETY COMMISSION, Report # 20180210-CC379-2147393004 (Feb. 10, 2018),

<https://www.saferproducts.gov/PublicSearch/Detail?ReportId=1734514>.

³⁷ U.S. CONSUMER PRODUCT SAFETY COMMISSION, Report # 20190426-E82B1-2147381368 (Apr. 26, 2019),

<https://www.saferproducts.gov/PublicSearch/Detail?ReportId=1866802>.

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g. In 2020:³⁸

Incident Details

Incident Description: I received the product as a gift - and what a terrible gift to receive. After three weeks of use, I now have a burn the size of the back of the Fitbit on my wrist, which is now starting to peel and looks like it might leave a scar. The Fitbit remained clean, I did not sweat, and there are way TOO MANY reports on these products for Fitbit to continue to make excuses for a proven and consistent design flaw. A simple [REDACTED] search demonstrates that this burn / rash reaction quite clearly has been caused by several of various Fitbit models and injured way too many people. I am so disappointed with this company. It is absolutely beyond my comprehension how / why Fitbit is allowed to continue to market a product that has harmed countless end users. Shame on you, Fitbit.

Incident Date: 4/20/2020

Incident Location: Home/Apartment/Condominium

Comments from the Manufacturer/Private Labeler

Fitbit is aware that skin irritation affects a very limited number of consumers who use wearable devices all day and all night from sweat, water, or soap being held against the skin under the device, or from pressure or friction against the skin. We encourage users to follow our wear and care instructions, available at www.fitbit.com/productcare. If any users are experiencing skin irritation we encourage them to remove the device to give their wrist a rest. If symptoms persist longer than 2-3 days after removing the device, users should contact a dermatologist/their doctor. Fitbit takes every complaint very seriously. If you have provided contact information, a Customer Support agent will contact you within 7 days. Otherwise please contact us at support@fitbit.com.

h. In 2021:³⁹

Incident Details

Incident Description: My Fitbit Inspire HR has now burned me twice. The first burn is still healing & the second burn yesterday caused bleeding.

Incident Date: 4/28/2021

Incident Location: Home/Apartment/Condominium

Comments from the Manufacturer/Private Labeler

Fitbit, Inc: Fitbit takes every complaint very seriously. Fitbit has contacted the customer directly to address this report. We encourage users to always follow our wear and care instructions, available at www.fitbit.com/productcare. If any users are experiencing skin irritation we encourage them to remove the device to give their wrist a rest. If symptoms persist longer than 2-3 days after removing the device, users should contact a dermatologist/their doctor. If users have questions, please contact us at support@fitbit.com.

i. In 2022:⁴⁰

Incident Details

Incident Description: My Fitbit Versa 3 burned my hand/wrist. The Versa 3 can be used to track sleep patterns, and I was wearing it to bed. The burn occurred while I was sleeping. I woke up in the morning and my skin hurt, I removed the watch and I had a red burnt area. The affected area coincided with the back of the watch face, where the light diodes flash. The picture I will attach I took about 4 days later when my skin started peeling off.

Incident Date: 2/23/2022

Incident Location: Home/Apartment/Condominium

Comments from the Manufacturer/Private Labeler

Fitbit, Inc: Fitbit is aware that skin irritation affects a very limited number of consumers who use wearable devices all day and all night from sweat, water, or soap being held against the skin under the device, or from pressure or friction against the skin. We encourage users to follow our wear and care instructions, available at www.fitbit.com/productcare. If any users are experiencing skin irritation we encourage them to remove the device to give their wrist a rest. If symptoms persist longer than 2-3 days after removing the device, users should contact a dermatologist/their doctor. Fitbit takes every complaint very seriously. If you have provided contact information, a Customer Support agent will contact you within 7 days. Otherwise please contact us at support@fitbit.com.

³⁸ U.S. CONSUMER PRODUCT SAFETY COMMISSION, Report # 20200428-BC67C-2147372667 (April. 28, 2020), <https://www.saferproducts.gov/PublicSearch/Detail?ReportId=1975780>.

³⁹ U.S. CONSUMER PRODUCT SAFETY COMMISSION, Report # 20210429-A7930-2147364422 (April 29, 2021), <https://www.saferproducts.gov/PublicSearch/Detail?ReportId=3239980>.

⁴⁰ U.S. CONSUMER PRODUCT SAFETY COMMISSION, Report # 20220311-F1E3F-2147357272 (Mar. 11, 2022), <https://www.saferproducts.gov/PublicSearch/Detail?ReportId=3625082>.

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1 98. This denial and shifting blame to harmed consumers is ever present in
2 Defendant's responses to the burn injuries caused by its Products:



16 Absolutely! I felt like I was going crazy after getting burned MULTIPLE TIMES and going to the
17 forums to find answers, only for the support team to just answer other concerned users with "oh
18 it's just a rash because you haven't kept it clean," which is kinda insulting.

19 99. As shown above, the response involves slight variations on the same
20 theme. Despite, "a very limited number of consumers" being impacted by a problem
21 that can be solved by better hygiene, the company's advice has failed to stop the flood
22 of consumers that are burned by the Products.

23 100. Simply, same problem, same response, and same outcome: continued
24 denial by the company which exposes consumers to undue risks from the hidden
25 Defect.

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H. Plaintiffs and Class Members Have Suffered Economic Injury

1
2 101. Plaintiffs and the Class Members reasonably relied to their detriment on
3 Defendant’s deceptive and misleading representations and omissions concerning the
4 Products and the “recall.”

5 102. Defendant's false, misleading, and deceptive misrepresentations and
6 omissions are likely to continue to deceive and mislead reasonable consumers and the
7 general public, as they have already deceived and misled the Plaintiffs and the Class
8 Members.

9 103. In making the false, misleading, and deceptive representations and
10 omissions described herein, Defendant knew and intended that consumers would pay
11 a premium for Products under the – false – belief that the Products were safe and
12 free of the Defect.

13 104. As an immediate, direct, and proximate result of Defendant's false,
14 misleading, and deceptive representations and omissions, Defendant injured the
15 Plaintiffs and the Class Members in that they:

- 16 a. Paid a sum of money for Products that were not what Defendant
17 represented;
- 18 b. Paid a premium price for Products that were not what Defendant
19 represented;
- 20 c. Were deprived of the benefit of the bargain because the Products they
21 purchased were different from what Defendant warranted; and
- 22 d. Were deprived of the benefit of the bargain because the Products they
23 purchased had less value than what Defendant represented.

24 105. Had Defendant not made the false, misleading, and deceptive
25 representations and omissions, Plaintiffs and the Class Members would not have
26 been willing to pay the same amount for the Products they purchased, and,
27 consequently, Plaintiffs and the Class Members would not have been willing to
28 purchase the Products.

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1 106. Plaintiffs and the Class Members paid for Products that were believed to
2 be safe and free of the Defect but received Products that were unsafe and contained
3 the Defect. The products Plaintiffs and the Class Members received were worth less
4 than the Products for which they paid.

5 107. Plaintiffs and the Class Members all paid money for the Products.
6 However, Plaintiffs and the Class Members did not obtain the full value of the
7 advertised Products due to Defendant's misrepresentations and omissions. Plaintiffs
8 and the Class Members purchased, purchased more of, and/or paid more for, the
9 Products than they would have had they known the truth about the Products.
10 Consequently, Plaintiffs and the Class Members have suffered injury in fact and lost
11 money as a result of Defendant's wrongful conduct.

12
13 **TOLLING AND ESTOPPEL OF STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS**

14 108. Any applicable statute of limitations has been tolled by Defendant's
15 knowing and active concealment of the presence of the Defect in the Products and the
16 misrepresentations and omissions alleged herein. Through no fault or lack of
17 diligence, Plaintiffs and Class Members were deceived regarding the Products and
18 could not reasonably discover that they suffered the Defect.

19 109. Plaintiffs and Class Members did not discover and did not know of any
20 facts that would have caused a reasonable person to expect that the Defendant was
21 concealing the presence of the Defect in the Products. As alleged herein, the presence
22 of the Defect was material to Plaintiffs and Class Members at all relevant times.
23 Within the time period of any applicable statute of limitations, Plaintiffs and
24 Members of the Class would not have discovered through the existence of reasonable
25 diligence that the Products contained the Defect.

26 110. At all times, Defendant is and was under a continuous duty to disclose to
27 Plaintiffs and the Class the true standard, quality, and grade of the Products and to
28 disclose the presence of the Defect due to its exclusive and superior knowledge of the

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1 contents, materials, and engineering for the Products. Additionally, the Defendant
2 has exclusive and superior knowledge concerning the scale of the Defect, the number
3 of people harmed by the Defect, and the presence of the Defect in all of its Products.

4 111. Defendant knowingly, actively, and affirmatively concealed the facts
5 alleged herein. Plaintiffs and Class Members reasonably relied on Defendant’s
6 knowing, active, and affirmative concealment.

7 112. For these reasons, all applicable statutes of limitation have been tolled
8 based on the discovery rule and Defendant’s fraudulent concealment, and Defendant
9 is estopped from relying on any statutes of limitations in defense of this action.

10
11 **CLASS ACTION ALLEGATIONS**

12 113. Plaintiffs bring this action as a class action pursuant to Federal Rule of
13 Civil Procedure 23 on behalf of themselves, on behalf of all others similarly situated,
14 and as a member of the Classes defined as follows (collectively, the “Classes” or
15 “Class”):

- 16 a. Multi-State Consumer Class: All persons in the States of California,
17 Florida, Illinois, Massachusetts, Minnesota, Missouri, New Jersey,
18 New York, Pennsylvania, Oregon, and Washington who purchased
19 the Products.⁴¹
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25 ⁴¹ The States in the Multi-State Consumer Class are limited to those States with similar
26 consumer protection laws under the facts of this case: California (Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code §
27 17200, et seq.); Florida (Fla. Stat. § 501.201, et seq.); Illinois (815 ILCS 505/1, et seq.);
28 Massachusetts (Mass. Gen. Laws Ch. 93A, et seq.); Michigan (Mich. Comp. Laws §
445.901, et seq.); Minnesota (Minn. Stat. § 325F.67, et seq.); Missouri (Mo. Rev. Stat.
407.010, et seq.); New Jersey (N.J. Stat. § 56:8-1, et seq.); New York (N.Y. Gen. Bus. Law
§ 349, et seq.); Pennsylvania (73 Pa. Stat. Ann. §§ 201-1 et seq.); Oregon (Or. Rev. Stat.
§§ 646.605, et seq.); and Washington (Wash Rev. Code § 19.86.010, et seq).

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- b.** California Class: All persons who purchased Defendant’s Product within the State of California and within the applicable statute of limitations.
- c.** Pennsylvania Class: All persons who purchased Defendant’s Product within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and within the applicable statute of limitations.
- d.** Nationwide Class: All persons who purchased Defendant’s Product within the United States and within the applicable statute of limitations period.

114. Excluded from the Class are Defendant, their parents, subsidiaries, affiliates, officers, and directors, those who purchased the Products for resale, all persons who make a timely election to be excluded from the Class, the judge to whom the case is assigned and any immediate family members thereof.

115. The members of the Class are so numerous that joinder of all Class Members is impracticable. Defendant has sold, at a minimum, millions of units of the Products to Class Members.

116. There is a well-defined community of interest in the questions of law and fact involved in this case. Questions of law and fact common to the members of the putative classes that predominate over questions that may affect individual Class Members include, but are not limited to the following:

- a.** whether Defendant misrepresented material facts concerning the Products on the label of every product;
- b.** whether Defendant’s conduct was unfair, misleading, and/or deceptive;

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- 1 c. whether Defendant has been unjustly enriched as a result of the
- 2 unlawful, fraudulent, and unfair conduct alleged in this
- 3 Complaint such that it would be inequitable for Defendant to
- 4 retain the benefits conferred upon it by Plaintiffs and the Classes;
- 5 d. whether Plaintiffs and the Classes are entitled to equitable and/or
- 6 injunctive relief;
- 7 e. whether Defendant breached warranties to Plaintiffs and the
- 8 Classes;
- 9 f. whether Plaintiffs and the Classes have sustained damages with
- 10 respect to the common-law claims asserted, and if so, the proper
- 11 measure of their damages.
- 12
- 13

14 117. Plaintiffs' claims are typical of those of other Class Members because

15 Plaintiffs, like all members of the Classes, purchased Defendant's Products

16 containing the same Defect, and suffering from the same representations and

17 omissions, and Plaintiffs sustained damages from Defendant's wrongful conduct.

18

19 118. Plaintiffs will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the classes

20 and have retained counsel that is experienced in litigating complex class actions.

21 Plaintiffs have no interests which conflict with those of the classes.

22 119. A class action is superior to any other available means for the fair and

23 efficient adjudication of this controversy, and no unusual difficulties are likely to be

24 encountered in the management of this class action. The damages or other financial

25 detriment suffered by Plaintiffs and the other Class Members are relatively small

26 compared to the burden and expense that would be required to individually litigate

27 their claims against Defendant, making it impracticable for Class Members to

28

1 individually seek redress for Defendant’s wrongful conduct. Even if Class Members
2 could afford individual litigation, the court system could not. Individualized litigation
3 creates a potential for inconsistent or contradictory judgments, and increases the
4 delay and expense to all parties and the court system. By contrast, the class action
5 device presents far fewer management difficulties, and provides the benefits of single
6 adjudication, economies of scale, and comprehensive supervision by a single court.
7

8 120. The prerequisites to maintaining a class action for equitable relief are
9 met as Defendant has acted or refused to act on grounds generally applicable to the
10 classes, thereby making appropriate equitable relief with respect to the classes as a
11 whole.
12

13 121. The prosecution of separate actions by members of the classes would
14 create a risk of establishing inconsistent rulings and/or incompatible standards of
15 conduct for Defendant. For example, one court might enjoin Defendant from
16 performing the challenged acts, whereas another might not. Additionally, individual
17 actions could be dispositive of the interests of the classes even where certain Class
18 Members are not parties to such actions.
19

20 122. For the purposes of this Complaint, the term “Class Members” refers to
21 all members of the Class, including the Plaintiffs.
22

23 123. This action is maintainable as a class action under Federal Rule of Civil
24 Procedure Rule 23.
25

26 124. This Court should certify a class under Rule 23(b)(2) because Defendant
27 has acted or refused to act on grounds that apply generally to the Class, by making
28 illegal, unfair, misleading and deceptive representations and omissions regarding
Products.

1 125. This Court should certify a class under Rule 23(b)(3) because the
2 common issues identified above predominate over any questions affecting individual
3 members and a class is superior to other available methods to fairly and efficiently
4 adjudicate the claims.

5 126. **Notice to the Class.** Plaintiffs anticipate that this Court can direct
6 notice to the Class, to be effectuated by publication in major media outlets and the
7 Internet.
8

9
10 **COUNT I**

11 **Violation of State Consumer Protection Statutes**

12 (On Behalf of the Multi-State Consumer Class)

13 127. Plaintiffs repeat and reallege each and every allegation above as if set
14 forth herein.

15 128. The Consumer Protection Acts of the States in the Multi-State
16 Consumer Class prohibit the use of unfair or deceptive business practices in the
17 conduct of trade or commerce.

18 129. Defendant intended that Plaintiffs and the other members of the Multi-
19 State Consumer Class would rely upon their deceptive conduct, and a reasonable
20 person would in fact be misled by its deceptive conduct.

21 130. As a result of the Defendant’s use or employment of unfair or deceptive
22 acts or business practices, Plaintiffs, and other members of Multi-State Consumer
23 Class, have sustained damages in an amount to be proven at trial.
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COUNT II

**Violation of California Business & Professions Code §§ 17200 *et seq.* –
Unlawful Conduct Prong of the UCL
(On Behalf of the Nationwide Class)**

131. Plaintiffs incorporate by reference all allegations contained in the complaint as if fully set forth herein.

132. The acts, omissions, misrepresentations and practices of Defendant constitute “unlawful” business acts and practices under the California Business & Professions Code section 17200 (“UCL”).

133. Defendant’s acts, omissions, misrepresentations and practices are “unlawful” because they violate the California False Advertising Law (“FAL”), the Magnuson-Moss Warranty Act (“MMWA”) and the Consumer Legal Remedies Act (“CLRA”).

134. Defendant’s representations and omissions that the Products are adequate and safe are false, deceptive, and likely to deceive the public.

135. Defendant’s deceptive advertising caused Plaintiffs and members of the Class to suffer injury in fact and to lose money or property, as it denied them the benefit of the bargain when they decided to make their purchases over other products that are less expensive and without the harmful and dangerous effects of the Products.

136. In accordance with California Business & Professions Code section 17203, Plaintiffs seek an order enjoining Defendant from continuing to conduct business through unfair acts and practices and to commence a corrective advertising campaign.

137. Plaintiffs also seek an order for the disgorgement and restitution of all monies from the sale of the Products that were unjustly acquired through acts of unlawful, unfair and/or fraudulent competition.

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COUNT III

**Violation of California Business & Professions Code §§ 17200, *et seq.* –
Unfair and Fraudulent Conduct Prongs of the UCL
(On Behalf of the Nationwide Class)**

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138. Plaintiffs incorporate by reference all the allegations of the preceding paragraphs.

139. California Business & Professions Code section 17200 prohibits any unfair or fraudulent business act or practice.

140. The false and misleading marketing, advertising, and labeling of the Products, as alleged herein, constitute unfair business acts and practices because such conduct is immoral, unscrupulous, and offends public policy.

141. The acts, omissions, misrepresentations, practices, and non-disclosures constitute “fraudulent” business acts and practices, because Defendant’s conduct is false and misleading to Plaintiffs and Class Members.

142. Further, the gravity of Defendant’s conduct outweighs any conceivable benefit of such conduct.

143. Defendant’s advertising, communications, packaging, and marketing of the Products is likely to deceive Class Members about their safety.

144. Defendant either knew or reasonably should have known that the claims and statements in the advertising, marketing, and labeling were likely to deceive consumers.

145. In accordance with California Business & Professions Code section 17203, Plaintiffs seek an order enjoining Defendant from continuing to conduct business through unfair and/or fraudulent acts and practices and to commence a corrective advertising campaign.

146. Plaintiffs seek an order for the disgorgement and restitution of all monies from the sale of the smartwatches that were unjustly acquired through acts of unlawful, unfair and/or fraudulent competition.

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COUNT IV

**Violation of California Business & Professions Code §§ 17500, *et seq.* –
False and Misleading Advertising
(On Behalf of the Nationwide Class)**

147. Plaintiff incorporates by reference all preceding paragraphs.

148. California False Advertising Law (Cal. Business & Professions Code sections 17500 and 17508) prohibits “mak[ing] any false or misleading advertising claim.”

149. Google, in its advertising, marketing, and labeling of the Products, makes false and misleading advertising claims as it deceives consumers as to their safety.

150. In reliance on these false and misleading advertising claims, Plaintiffs and members of the Nationwide Class purchased and used the smartwatches without the knowledge they caused, or greatly increased the risk of, serious injury or death, to users of the Products.

151. Defendant knew or should have known that its labeling, advertising, and marketing was likely to deceive consumers.

152. As a result, Plaintiffs and the Class are entitled to injunctive and equitable relief, restitution, and an order for the disgorgement of the funds by which Google was unjustly enriched.

COUNT V

**Violation of California’s Consumers Legal Remedies Act
CAL. CIV. CODE § 1750 *et seq.*
(Seeking Injunctive Relief Only)**

(In the Alternative to Count I and on Behalf of the California Class)

153. Plaintiff Ramirez incorporates by reference and re-alleges herein all paragraphs alleged above.

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1 154. Plaintiff Ramirez brings this claim individually and on behalf of the
2 members of the proposed Classes against Defendant.

3 155. This claim seeks injunctive relief only, pursuant to California Civil Code
4 section 1782(d).

5 156. Defendant’s actions, representations, and conduct have violated, and
6 continue to violate, the CLRA because they extend to transactions that are intended
7 to result, or that have resulted, in the sale of goods to consumers.

8 157. Plaintiff Ramirez and the California Class members are “consumers” as
9 the CLRA defines that term in California Civil Code section 1761(d).

10 158. Defendant sold the Products, which are “goods” within the meaning of
11 California Civil Code section 1761(a), to Plaintiff Ramirez and the California Class
12 members.

13 159. Defendant’s policies, acts, and practices were designed to, and did, result
14 in Plaintiff Ramirez and the California Class members’ purchase and use of the
15 Products primarily for personal, family, or household purposes, and violated and
16 continue to violate the following sections of the California Civil Code section 1770:

- 17 **a.** section 1770(a)(5), which prohibits representing that goods or
18 services have sponsorship, approval, characteristics, ingredients,
19 uses, benefits, or quantities which they do not have;
- 20 **b.** section 1770(a)(7), which prohibits representing that goods or
21 services are of a particular standard, quality, or grade, or that
22 goods are of a particular style or model, if they are of another;
- 23 **c.** section 1770(a)(9), which prohibits advertising goods or services
24 with intent not to sell them as advertised; and
- 25 **d.** section 1770(a)(16), which prohibits representing that the subject
26 of a transaction has been supplied in accordance with a previous
27 representation when it has not.
28

1 160. Defendant’s advertising, labeling, and marketing of the Products are
2 likely to deceive reasonable consumers, including Plaintiff Ramirez and the
3 California Class members. Defendant’s representations and omissions that the
4 Products are adequate and safe are false and likely to deceive the public, as is
5 Defendant’s failure to mention the numerous adverse events related to their usage.

6 161. Plaintiff Ramirez and the California Class members would not have
7 purchased the Products absent Defendant’s misleading and deceptive marketing
8 campaign and labeling regarding the safety of the Products.

9 162. Google knew or should have known that its Products’ advertising,
10 labeling, and marketing were likely to deceive reasonable consumers regarding the
11 safety of the Products.

12 163. Google’s deceptive representations and omissions about the Products
13 caused Plaintiff Ramirez and the members of the California Class to suffer injury in
14 fact and to lose money or property, as it denied them the benefit of the bargain when
15 they decided to make their Product purchases over other products that are less
16 expensive and without the harmful and dangerous effects of the Products.

17 164. Plaintiff Ramirez and the California Class members request that this
18 Court enjoin Defendant from continuing to employ the unlawful methods, acts, and
19 practices alleged herein pursuant to California Civil Code section 1780(a)(2). If
20 Defendant is not restrained from engaging in these types of practices in the future,
21 Plaintiff Ramirez and the California Class members will be harmed in that they will
22 continue to be unable to rely on Defendant’s deceptive representations and omissions
23 regarding the safety of the Products.

24 165. Pursuant to the provisions of Cal. Civ. Code § 1782(a), Plaintiff Ramirez
25 provided notice to Defendant of its alleged violations of the CLRA, demanding that
26 Defendant correct such violations, and providing it with the opportunity to correct its
27 business practices. Notice was sent via certified mail, return receipt requested on
28 April 18, 2022. As of the date of filing this complaint, Defendant has not responded.

1 Accordingly, if after 30 days no satisfactory response to resolve this litigation on a
2 class-wide basis has been received, Plaintiff will seek leave to amend this request to
3 seek restitution and actual damages as provided by the CLRA.

4
5 **COUNT VI**

6 **Violation of Pennsylvania Unfair Trade Practices and**
7 **Consumer Protection Law (UTPCPL)**

8 **73 P.S. § 201 *et seq.***

9 (In the Alternative to Count I and on Behalf of the Pennsylvania Class)

10 166. Plaintiff Houtchens incorporates by reference and re-alleges herein all
11 paragraphs alleged above.

12 167. Plaintiff Houtchens incorporates by reference all allegations contained
13 in the complaint as if fully set forth herein.

14 168. Defendant is a “person,” as meant by 73 Pa. Cons. Stat. § 201-2(2).

15 169. Plaintiff Houtchens and Pennsylvania Class Members purchased goods
16 and services in “trade” and “commerce,” as meant by 73 Pa. Cons. Stat. § 201-2(3),
17 primarily for personal, family, and/or household purposes.
18

19 170. As alleged more fully above, Defendant engaged in unfair methods of
20 competition and unfair or deceptive acts or practices in the conduct of its trade and
21 commerce in violation of 73 Pa. Cons. Stat. § 201-3, including the following:
22

- 23 **a.** representing that its goods and services have characteristics,
24 uses, benefits, and qualities they do not have (73 Pa. Cons. Stat. §
25 201-2(4)(v));
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- b. representing that its goods and services are of a particular standard or quality if they are another (73 Pa. Cons. Stat. § 201-2(v)(vii));
- c. advertising its goods and services with intent not to sell them as advertised (73 Pa. Cons. Stat. § 201-2(4)(ix)); and
- d. engaging in any other fraudulent or deceptive conduct which creates a likelihood of confusion or of misunderstanding (73 Pa. Cons. Stat. § 201-2(v)(xxi)).

171. Defendant’s representations and omissions were material because they were likely to deceive reasonable consumers.

172. As alleged more fully above, the representations and omissions regarding the safety of the Products were misleading.

173. Plaintiff Houtchens and members of the Pennsylvania class relied upon them in purchasing the Products.

174. As a direct and proximate result of Defendant’s deceptive acts and practices, Plaintiff Houtchens and the Pennsylvania Class have suffered and will continue to suffer injury, ascertainable losses of money or property, and monetary and non-monetary damages, including from not receiving the benefit of their bargain in purchasing the Products.

175. Plaintiff Houtchens and other members of the Pennsylvania Class lost money or property as a result of Defendant’s violations because: (a) they would not have purchased the Products on the same terms if they knew that the Products were unsafe; (b) they paid a substantial price premium compared to other products due to

1 Defendant's misrepresentations and omissions; and (c) the Products do not have the
2 quality, characteristics, uses, or benefits as promised.

3 176. Plaintiff Houtchens and the Pennsylvania Class seek all monetary and
4 non-monetary relief allowed by law, including actual damages or statutory damages
5 of \$100 (whichever is greater), treble damages, attorneys' fees and costs, and any
6 additional relief this Court deems necessary or proper.
7

8 **COUNT VII**

9 **Breach of Implied Warranty**

10 (On Behalf of the Nationwide Class)

11 177. Plaintiffs incorporate by reference and re-allege herein all paragraphs
12 alleged above.

13 178. Plaintiffs bring this claim individually and on behalf of the members of
14 the proposed Classes against Defendant.

15 179. Defendant, as the marketer, distributor, and/or seller of the Products,
16 impliedly warranted that the Products (i) would not contain a safety-related defect
17 and (ii) was generally safe for consumer use.

18 180. Defendant breached the warranty implied in the contract for the sale of
19 the defective Products because it could not pass without objection in the trade under
20 the contract description, the Products were not of fair or average quality within the
21 description, and the Products were unfit for its intended and ordinary purpose
22 because the Products were defective in that it contained a defect that made the
23 Products unreasonably dangerous, and as such is not generally recognized as safe for
24 consumer use. As a result, Plaintiffs and Class Members did not receive the goods as
25 impliedly warranted by Defendant to be merchantable.

26 181. In addition, Plaintiffs and Class Members were harmed because the
27 Products failed almost immediately after Plaintiffs and Class Members purchased the
28 product, a period far shorter than the implied warranty.

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1 182. Defendant was on notice of the Defect because it has exclusive
2 knowledge.

3 183. Defendant was also on notice of the Defect because of numerous
4 complaints filed with the federal government and distributed to Defendant.

5 184. Additionally, Plaintiffs each sent notice of these breaches via US Postal
6 service.

7 185. Plaintiffs and Class Members purchased the Products in reliance upon
8 Defendant's skill and judgment and the implied warranties of fitness for the purpose.

9 186. The Products were not altered by Plaintiff or Class Members.

10 187. The Products were defective when it left the exclusive control of
11 Defendant.

12 188. Defendant knew that the Products would be purchased and used without
13 additional testing by Plaintiffs and Class Members.

14 189. The Products were defectively manufactured and unfit for their intended
15 purpose, and Plaintiffs and Class Members did not receive the goods as warranted.

16 190. Privity is not required as to Defendant because the Products contained a
17 dangerous design defect (i.e., the ability of the Product to overheat and pose a hazard
18 to users). As the known end purchaser, Plaintiffs is also a third-party beneficiary of
19 the implied warranty of merchantability.

20 191. Defendant's attempts to disclaim or limit the implied warranty of
21 merchantability vis-à-vis consumers are unconscionable and unenforceable.
22 Specifically, Defendant's warranty limitations are unenforceable because Defendant
23 knowingly sold a defective product without informing consumers about the defects.

24 192. The time limits contained in Defendant's warranty period were also
25 unconscionable and inadequate to protect Plaintiffs and the Class Members. Among
26 other things, Plaintiffs and members of the Class had no meaningful choice in
27 determining these time limitations, terms which unreasonably favor Defendant. A
28 gross disparity in bargaining power existed between Defendant and Class Members,

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1 as only Defendant knew or should have known that the Products were defective at
2 the time of sale and that the devices were not of merchantable quality.

3 193. Plaintiffs and Class Members have complied with all obligations under
4 the warranty or otherwise have been excused from performance of said obligations as
5 a result of Defendant’s conduct described herein.

6 194. As a direct and proximate cause of Defendant’s breach of the implied
7 warranty, Plaintiffs and Class Members have been injured and harmed because: (a)
8 they would not have purchased the Products on the same terms if they knew that the
9 Products contained the defect, making it unsafe for consumer use; and (b) the
10 Products does not have the characteristics, uses, or benefits as promised by
11 Defendant.

12 **COUNT VIII**

13 **Violation Of The Magnuson-Moss Warranty Act,**

14 **15 U.S.C. §§ 2301, et seq**

15 (On Behalf of the Nationwide Class)

16 195. Plaintiffs incorporate by reference and re-allege herein all paragraphs
17 alleged above.

18 196. Plaintiffs bring this claim individually and on behalf of the members of
19 the proposed Classes against Defendant.

20 197. The Products are consumer products as defined in 15 U.S.C. § 2301.

21 198. Plaintiffs and the Class Members are consumers as defined in 15 U.S.C.
22 § 2301.

23 199. Defendant is a supplier and warrantor as defined in 15 U.S.C. § 2301.

24 200. In connection with the marketing and sale of the Products, Defendant
25 impliedly warranted that the Products was fit for use as a smartwatch. The Products
26 were not fit for use as a smartwatch due to the defect described in the allegations
27 above.
28

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201. By reason of Defendant’s breach of warranties, Defendant violated the statutory rights due to Plaintiffs and the Class Members pursuant to the Magnuson-Moss Warranty Act, 15 U.S.C. §§ 2301, et seq., thereby damaging Plaintiffs and the Class Members.

202. Plaintiffs and the Class Members were injured as a direct and proximate result of Defendant’s breach because they would not have purchased the Products if they knew the truth about the defective nature of the Products.

203. Despite notice by Plaintiffs and the Class Members to Defendant of the defective nature of the Products, Defendant did not replace or repair the defective Products. Instead, the costs of the defects were borne by consumers.

204. As a direct and proximate result of Defendant’s breach of implied and express warranties pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 2310(d)(1), Plaintiffs and Class Members have suffered damages in an amount to be proven at trial.

205. The amount in controversy for the Plaintiffs’ and Class Members’ individual claims meets or exceeds the sum of \$25. The total amount in controversy of this action in sum exceeds \$50,000, exclusive of interest and costs, computed on the basis of all claims to be determined in this lawsuit.

206. Plaintiffs and Class Members are entitled to recover damages as a result of Defendant’s breach of warranties.

207. Plaintiffs and Class Members are also entitled to seek costs and expenses, including attorneys’ fees, under the MMWA. 15 U.S.C. § 2310(d)(2).

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COUNT IX

Unjust Enrichment

(On Behalf of the Nationwide Class)

208. Plaintiffs incorporate by reference and re-alleges herein all paragraphs alleged above.

209. Plaintiffs bring this claim individually and on behalf of the members of the proposed Classes against Defendant.

210. “Although there are numerous permutations of the elements of the unjust enrichment cause of action in the various states, there are few real differences. In all states, the focus of an unjust enrichment claim is whether the defendant was unjustly enriched. At the core of each state’s law are two fundamental elements—the defendant received a benefit from the plaintiff and it would be inequitable for the defendant to retain that benefit without compensating the plaintiff. The focus of the inquiry is the same in each state.” *In re Mercedes-Benz Tele Aid Contract Litig.*, 257 F.R.D. 46, 58 (D.N.J. Apr. 24, 2009) (quoting *Powers v. Lycoming Engines*, 245 F.R.D. 226, 231 (E.D. Pa. 2007)).

211. At all times relevant hereto, Defendant deceptively marketed, advertised, and sold merchandise to Plaintiffs and the Classes.

212. The Products purchased by Plaintiffs and the Class Members did not provide the promised performance and instead contained uniform defects.

213. Plaintiffs and Class Members conferred a benefit on Defendant by purchasing the Products and by paying a price premium for them.

214. Defendant has knowledge of such benefits.

215. Defendant has been unjustly enriched in retaining the revenues derived from Class Members’ purchases of the Product, which retention under these circumstances is unjust and inequitable because Defendant misrepresented that the Product (i) would not contain a dangerous defect and (ii) is generally recognized as safe for use as a smartwatch. This misrepresentation caused injuries to Plaintiffs and

1 Class Members because they would not have purchased the Products if the true facts
2 regarding the Products were known.

3 216. Because Defendant's retention of the non-gratuitous benefit conferred on
4 it by Plaintiffs and Class Members is unjust and inequitable, Defendant must pay
5 restitution to Plaintiffs and the Class Members for their unjust enrichment, as
6 ordered by the Court.

7
8 **PRAYER FOR RELIEF**

9 WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs, on behalf of themselves and other members of the
10 proposed Class herein, prays for judgment and relief on all of the legal claims as
11 follows:

- 12
- 13 A. Certification of the Class, certifying Plaintiffs as representatives of the
Class, and designating Plaintiffs' counsel for the Class;
 - 14 B. A declaration that Defendant has committed the violations alleged
15 herein;
 - 16 C. A declaration that Defendant has committed that Defendant's actions
17 are fraudulent, deceptive, and misleading as alleged herein;
 - 18 D. For restitution and disgorgement pursuant to, without limitation, the
19 California Business & Professions Code §§ 17200, *et seq.* and Cal Civ.
Code § 1780;
 - 20 E. For declaratory and injunctive relief pursuant to, without limitation, the
21 California Business & Professions Code §§ 17200, *et seq.* and 17500, *et*
22 *seq.*;
 - 23 F. An award of compensatory damages, the amount of which is to be
24 determined at trial;
 - 25 G. For punitive damages;
 - 26 H. For interest at the legal rate on the foregoing sums;
 - 27 I. For statutory damages;
 - 28 J. For attorneys' fees;

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- K. For costs of suit incurred; and
- L. For such further relief as this Court may deem just and proper.

JURY TRIAL DEMAND

Plaintiffs demand a jury trial on all causes of action so triable.

Dated: April 29, 2022

Good Gustafson Aumais LLP

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**Pro hac vice forthcoming*

Counsel for Plaintiffs and the Proposed Class

CIVIL COVER SHEET

The JS-CAND 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved in its original form by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the Clerk of Court to initiate the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON NEXT PAGE OF THIS FORM.)

I. (a) PLAINTIFFS

Jenny Houtchens and Samantha Ramirez, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated

(b) County of Residence of First Listed Plaintiff Monroe County (PA) (EXCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES)

(c) Attorneys (Firm Name, Address, and Telephone Number)

GOOD | GUSTAFSON | AUMAIS LLP 2330 Westwood Boulevard, Suite 103 Los Angeles, California 90064 Telephone: (310) 274-4663
THE SMITH LAW FIRM, PLLC 300 Concourse Blvd., Suite 104 Ridgeland, MS 39157 Tel: (601) 952-1422
The Keeton Firm LLC 100 S Commons, Ste. 102 Pittsburgh, PA 15212 Telephone: (888) 412-5291

DEFENDANTS

Google LLC

County of Residence of First Listed Defendant Santa Clara (CA) (IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY)

NOTE: IN LAND CONDEMNATION CASES, USE THE LOCATION OF THE TRACT OF LAND INVOLVED.

Attorneys (If Known)

II. BASIS OF JURISDICTION (Place an "X" in One Box Only)

1 U.S. Government Plaintiff 3 Federal Question (U.S. Government Not a Party)

2 U.S. Government Defendant X 4 Diversity (Indicate Citizenship of Parties in Item III)

III. CITIZENSHIP OF PRINCIPAL PARTIES (Place an "X" in One Box for Plaintiff and One Box for Defendant)

Table with columns for Plaintiff (PTF) and Defendant (DEF) citizenship and incorporation status. Includes options like 'Citizen of This State', 'Citizen of Another State', 'Citizen or Subject of a Foreign Country', 'Incorporated or Principal Place of Business In This State', etc.

IV. NATURE OF SUIT (Place an "X" in One Box Only)

Large table with categories: CONTRACT, REAL PROPERTY, TORTS, CIVIL RIGHTS, PRISONER PETITIONS, HABEAS CORPUS, FORFEITURE/PENALTY, LABOR, IMMIGRATION, BANKRUPTCY, SOCIAL SECURITY, FEDERAL TAX SUITS, OTHER STATUTES. Includes various legal codes and descriptions.

V. ORIGIN (Place an "X" in One Box Only)

X 1 Original Proceeding 2 Removed from State Court 3 Remanded from Appellate Court 4 Reinstated or Reopened 5 Transferred from Another District (specify) 6 Multidistrict Litigation-Transfer 8 Multidistrict Litigation-Direct File

VI. CAUSE OF ACTION

Cite the U.S. Civil Statute under which you are filing (Do not cite jurisdictional statutes unless diversity): 28 U.S.C. Section 1332(d)(2) (Diversity Jurisdiction)

Brief description of cause:

Consumer Fraud - Deceptive, Misleading, and Fraudulent Marketing of Fitness Devices

VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT:

CHECK IF THIS IS A CLASS ACTION UNDER RULE 23, Fed. R. Civ. P. DEMAND \$ 5,000,000.01

CHECK YES only if demanded in complaint: JURY DEMAND: X Yes No

VIII. RELATED CASE(S), IF ANY (See instructions):

JUDGE

DOCKET NUMBER

IX. DIVISIONAL ASSIGNMENT (Civil Local Rule 3-2)

(Place an "X" in One Box Only) SAN FRANCISCO/OAKLAND X SAN JOSE EUREKA-MCKINLEYVILLE

DATE 04/29/2022

SIGNATURE OF ATTORNEY OF RECORD

/s/ Christopher T. Aumais

INSTRUCTIONS FOR ATTORNEYS COMPLETING CIVIL COVER SHEET FORM JS-CAND 44

Authority For Civil Cover Sheet. The JS-CAND 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replaces nor supplements the filings and service of pleading or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved in its original form by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the Clerk of Court to initiate the civil docket sheet. Consequently, a civil cover sheet is submitted to the Clerk of Court for each civil complaint filed. The attorney filing a case should complete the form as follows:

- I. a) **Plaintiffs-Defendants.** Enter names (last, first, middle initial) of plaintiff and defendant. If the plaintiff or defendant is a government agency, use only the full name or standard abbreviations. If the plaintiff or defendant is an official within a government agency, identify first the agency and then the official, giving both name and title.
 - b) **County of Residence.** For each civil case filed, except U.S. plaintiff cases, enter the name of the county where the first listed plaintiff resides at the time of filing. In U.S. plaintiff cases, enter the name of the county in which the first listed defendant resides at the time of filing. (NOTE: In land condemnation cases, the county of residence of the “defendant” is the location of the tract of land involved.)
 - c) **Attorneys.** Enter the firm name, address, telephone number, and attorney of record. If there are several attorneys, list them on an attachment, noting in this section “(see attachment).”
- II. Jurisdiction.** The basis of jurisdiction is set forth under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 8(a), which requires that jurisdictions be shown in pleadings. Place an “X” in one of the boxes. If there is more than one basis of jurisdiction, precedence is given in the order shown below.
- (1) United States plaintiff. Jurisdiction based on 28 USC §§ 1345 and 1348. Suits by agencies and officers of the United States are included here.
 - (2) United States defendant. When the plaintiff is suing the United States, its officers or agencies, place an “X” in this box.
 - (3) Federal question. This refers to suits under 28 USC § 1331, where jurisdiction arises under the Constitution of the United States, an amendment to the Constitution, an act of Congress or a treaty of the United States. In cases where the U.S. is a party, the U.S. plaintiff or defendant code takes precedence, and box 1 or 2 should be marked.
 - (4) Diversity of citizenship. This refers to suits under 28 USC § 1332, where parties are citizens of different states. When Box 4 is checked, the citizenship of the different parties must be checked. (See Section III below; **NOTE: federal question actions take precedence over diversity cases.**)
- III. Residence (citizenship) of Principal Parties.** This section of the JS-CAND 44 is to be completed if diversity of citizenship was indicated above. Mark this section for each principal party.
- IV. Nature of Suit.** Place an “X” in the appropriate box. If the nature of suit cannot be determined, be sure the cause of action, in Section VI below, is sufficient to enable the deputy clerk or the statistical clerk(s) in the Administrative Office to determine the nature of suit. If the cause fits more than one nature of suit, select the most definitive.
- V. Origin.** Place an “X” in one of the six boxes.
- (1) Original Proceedings. Cases originating in the United States district courts.
 - (2) Removed from State Court. Proceedings initiated in state courts may be removed to the district courts under Title 28 USC § 1441. When the petition for removal is granted, check this box.
 - (3) Remanded from Appellate Court. Check this box for cases remanded to the district court for further action. Use the date of remand as the filing date.
 - (4) Reinstated or Reopened. Check this box for cases reinstated or reopened in the district court. Use the reopening date as the filing date.
 - (5) Transferred from Another District. For cases transferred under Title 28 USC § 1404(a). Do not use this for within district transfers or multidistrict litigation transfers.
 - (6) Multidistrict Litigation Transfer. Check this box when a multidistrict case is transferred into the district under authority of Title 28 USC § 1407. When this box is checked, do not check (5) above.
 - (8) Multidistrict Litigation Direct File. Check this box when a multidistrict litigation case is filed in the same district as the Master MDL docket. Please note that there is no Origin Code 7. Origin Code 7 was used for historical records and is no longer relevant due to changes in statute.
- VI. Cause of Action.** Report the civil statute directly related to the cause of action and give a brief description of the cause. **Do not cite jurisdictional statutes unless diversity.** Example: U.S. Civil Statute: 47 USC § 553. Brief Description: Unauthorized reception of cable service.
- VII. Requested in Complaint.** Class Action. Place an “X” in this box if you are filing a class action under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 23. Demand. In this space enter the actual dollar amount being demanded or indicate other demand, such as a preliminary injunction. Jury Demand. Check the appropriate box to indicate whether or not a jury is being demanded.
- VIII. Related Cases.** This section of the JS-CAND 44 is used to identify related pending cases, if any. If there are related pending cases, insert the docket numbers and the corresponding judge names for such cases.
- IX. Divisional Assignment.** If the Nature of Suit is under Property Rights or Prisoner Petitions or the matter is a Securities Class Action, leave this section blank. For all other cases, identify the divisional venue according to Civil Local Rule 3-2: “the county in which a substantial part of the events or omissions which give rise to the claim occurred or in which a substantial part of the property that is the subject of the action is situated.”
- Date and Attorney Signature.** Date and sign the civil cover sheet.